

SCOOP THE CUB REPORTER

Scoop Is a Very Sound Little Sleeper



POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

TASKER L. ODDIE

(INCUMBENT)

Regular Republican Nominee for

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

SAM PLATT

OF NEVADA

Republican Candidate for

United States Senator

E. E. ROBERTS

(INCUMBENT)

Regular Republican Candidate for

Member of Congress



FRANCIS C. MOORE

Regular Republican Candidate for

Sheriff and Assessor

NYE COUNTY, NEVADA

Every detail of this office will receive my undivided attention if elected. I am a partisan in State and National politics only. Uphold the law and a good business administration will be my policy.

You Shall be the Judge Nov. 3rd

I RESPECTFULLY ASK YOUR SUPPORT

EMMETT D. BOYLE

OF CARSON CITY

Regular Democratic Nominee for

Governor of Nevada

Election November 3, 1914

For Justice of the Supreme Court.

B. F. CURLER

OF ELKO COUNTY

Regular Republican nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914.

For Attorney-General.

GEO. SPRINGMEYER

OF WASHOE COUNTY

Regular Republican nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914.

For State Inspector of Mines.

A. J. STINSON

OF WASHOE COUNTY

Regular Republican nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914.

JOE FARNSWORTH

(DEMOCRAT)

Superintendent State Printing

GEO. B. THATCHER

(DEMOCRAT)

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL

For Judge of the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District.

WILLIAM FORMAN

Regular Democratic nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914. Adv.

CHARLES L. SLAVIN

Regular Democratic Nominee for SHERIFF AND ASSESSOR OF NYE COUNTY

For State Treasurer

WM. McMILLAN

(INCUMBENT)

Regular Republican Nominee

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.

J. F. ABEL

OF HUMBOLDT COUNTY

Regular Republican nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914.

W. B. EVANS

Republican Candidate

for

CONSTABLE AND CHIEF OF POLICE

Of the Town of Tonopah.

For Justice of the Supreme Court.

BEN W. COLEMAN

OF WHITE PINE COUNTY

Regular Democratic nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914.

District Attorney, Nye County.

THOS. K. CHAMBERS

is a candidate for the office of District Attorney as an independent. Adv.

For Treasurer Nye County

D. J. ROBB

Regular Democratic nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914. Adv.

For Secretary of State.

GEO. BRODIGAN

Regular Democratic nominee to be voted for at the general election November 3, 1914. Adv.

GOV. ODDIE WARMLY WELCOMED BY THE VOTERS OF TONOPAH

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harmony of discord and chaos; I have saved lives, and I can show you how I have done it; I have saved this state from internal strife. Today we have peace and harmony, and I can see no occasion why it should not continue. (Applause.)

Workmen's Compensation. "There is one matter I would like to call to your attention in connection with labor matters, and that is the question of workmen's compensation. I have been a large employer of labor, as I have told you, and I have worked for myself; and I have studied this matter for a long time, for years previous to my taking office as governor. I could see the injustice done, the hardships worked on men who had been injured in the course of their employment, and to the dependents of those killed. I have studied this matter hard; and I brought this matter to the attention of our legislature for the first time in the history of the state that it had ever been brought properly to the attention of the legislature; and today we have a good law. It will be improved at the next session of the legislature. Four years after my original message to the legislature a law was passed improving the old conditions; but I will say that when that law was passed I discovered a flaw in it. The railroad employees were instrumental in getting that law through. I went to them promptly, and a very short time, just a few hours before it would have been too late to change it, there was a fatal flaw in the law—I went for the railroad boys and called their attention to that flaw; they had it corrected promptly and it became a law two years after."

The governor then read what he first recommended to the legislature—the first recommendation of a governor of this state along this line: **State Extravagance.** "I recently stated in Reno that the State of Nevada needed a complete overhauling or simplification of its state and county governments. My friends, this must be done. There are extravagances and wastes of the public money going on in Carson which the people should know about. I will tell you that I suggested this very matter in this inaugural message. In my first message in 1911 to the legislature I stated this: "I recommend that a joint committee of the two houses be appointed to investigate the ways and means of reducing state expenditures, and to report the reductions which can be effected without impairment to the public service."

"My friends, the legislature was in session sixty days, and nothing was done. Two years later a committee was appointed from both houses of the legislature, which made a sham pretense at retrenchment. Nothing was accomplished. The heads of the various departments, the principal ones, were interviewed, and their words were taken that 'everything was all right,' and the committee let it go at that! I will not go into the individual departments now with you, but I say that there are extravagances going on there and they must be cut out. I am accused of extravagance! My opponents are accusing me of extravagance; they are accusing the Republican administration; but when you think that two-thirds of the state officers and employees of the state are Democrats, why, you will see that there is a reason."

Matter of Business. "Now, I am not charging good Democrats with any crimes; I am not charging good Republicans with any crimes; this is not a political matter. It is a matter of business. I was in the legislature from this county some years ago; there were no politics then; the men in the various parties worked side by side for the welfare of the State of Nevada; but in the last few years in Carson City there have been too much politics playing, and we have had to suffer from it."

Diverse and Gambling. "Another matter I would like to call your attention to, which is a very delicate matter. I know that it is going to make me less votes, but, my friends, I would rather come out and tell you squarely where I stand; and that is in regard to the question of the return of the open gambling and easy divorce law. I have been a member of the Pardon and Parole board in Carson City for four years; I have had to examine into hundreds of cases of the poor unfortunate in our prison. I have had mothers, and wives, and fathers, and sisters and brothers pleading with me hour after hour and day after day, for the liberty of those they love. My friends, the great majority of those cases are in prison on account of the gambling of the open gambling law. Now, I am not criticizing those who differ with me in this; it is not a personal matter, because every man is entitled to his own opinion on these matters. Some of our best people feel that I am wrong in this; that for business reasons I should have changed. I am not criticizing any individual, but I am criticizing the principle. I feel that our state should not take a step backward after it has stepped forward. (Applause.)

"In regard to the other matter, the easy divorce law: I was instrumental largely in having the divorce law changed. I know the sentiment of a large number of the people of Reno about this law; I will tell you that petitions were sent to me to sign by a large number of the best citizens in Reno, almost all of the members of the bar and of the professional men, property holders, working men, men in all classes, who wanted the law changed. The law was changed. Now a great many want it to be brought back to its original state. I will tell you, my friends, I do not want it brought back. There are features of that law which I

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will not discuss with you now. It worked a hardship on Reno. I worked a hardship on the State of Nevada; it brought a slur on the state in the mouths of people all over the world, and I know it. I have traveled outside a good deal. Do you realize that when that law was in effect and that colony was in Reno that there were hundreds, nearly a thousand at one time, of the men and women out here for the six months and that Reno is like many another town in possessing many deserving men and women who are entitled to employment in the town, and do you realize that a great majority of these women and of the men who came out for divorce had to make their living in the state while they were here, and that those people were working for their board and just a little more than their board, and that they were crowding the local men and women out of employment which they were entitled to, and those local people were staying at home, hungry in many instances? Did you ever look at it in that way? My friends I do not want this law back.

Questions for Boyle. "My opponent has been asked repeatedly by many people in this state where he stood on these two matters; and I demand that he state where he stands. I have stood on that platform in this state in every place in which I have spoken, and I have spoken every night. I have stated that I demand that he state his position, because I feel that a man running for office should not be afraid to say where he stands. I am not afraid to say where I stand, whether you disagree with me or not. (Applause.) My opponent is reported as having stated that if the legislature passes these two laws, he will not sign them or veto them. In other words, he will let them become laws without his signature."

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record, I want you to study these matters. If any of you were employing men to work for you in the sinking of a shaft, or in developing a mine, you would want a report as to what that man was doing. I have been working for you for nearly four years now, and I want a chance to report to you; I would like to talk to you by the hour, because I am deeply interested in this work I have been doing, and, as I told you before, I want to carry it out. I want you to send me back. Tonopah gave me a magnificent vote the last time, and I have been deeply grateful for it; and I desire and ask you to do the same for me again. (Applause.)

Judge Currier's Remarks. Judge Currier was the first speaker introduced. He began by asserting that he was opposed to the judiciary taking any part in partisan meetings, as the candidate might be called upon to pass on political matters which he should be left free to deal with according to law. However, after explaining his own career on the bench and in private practice the speaker dwelt on the purity of elections author—his opponent in the race for the election to the supreme court. He indicated the lameness of the position assumed by Mr. Coleman in dictating the condemnatory practices act which condemn a man as a man as a criminal before he has had the benefit of a trial or conviction. He tore the law into shreds and then paid his personal compliments to his opponent by reading a letter written to Republicans in White Pine county asking them to register as Democrats in order that the local pride of the candidate from the copper camp would be satisfied with a vote calculated to overcome a possible adverse vote in other counties. Judge Currier did not mince matters in dealing with the denial of Judge Coleman that he had ever written the letter the speaker held in his hand. He gave the names of Republican voters who had received the circulars signed in ink by Judge Coleman and again challenged Coleman to controvert his statements. The remarks of Judge Currier are of such interest that they will appear in the Bonanza tomorrow in full as reported by the official stenographer of the district court.

For, Lozano was introduced as the man who had done the position of official court stenographer in the busiest court of the state for the longest term of an official reporter and as a man well qualified for the duties of the office to which he aspired. Mr. Lozano spoke briefly on what he hoped to accomplish and referred to the appointments of members of the legislature by the lieutenant-governor.

A. W. Holmes, candidate for secretary of state, dwelt on the abuses that marked the administration of the secretary of state's office and assured his hearers that he would never be found employing a relative and that the affairs of his office would be conducted according to the strictest requirements. The number of employees would be sufficient for the work and no more, and he would guarantee a revenue from the office greater than had ever been derived from it before.

A. J. Stinson, for mine inspector, told how he had been in the state since he was four years of age and engaged in mining since he was sixteen. He pledged himself to a fair and square administration that would give employer and employee the full benefit of the law. He said he would not play favorites, but he would give every man all that was coming to him.

Matthew Kyle, formerly U. S. register of lands at Reno, explained his fitness as a candidate for the office to which he aspired, saying his long service with the government in that department had equipped him to discharge the duties of state surveyor general and ex-officio state land register.

A store that advertises must be a store of values—of "bargains"—or the advertising would not pay.

FOR SALE Chalmers 30 Roadster \$200.00 BROWN-PARKER AUTO CO., Goldfield, Nev.

TONOPAH LIQUOR CO. THE HOUSE OF QUALITY FINEST BRANDS OF Wines, Liquors, Cigars MAIN ST. OPP. POSTOFFICE

R. FRED BROWN STOCK BROKER All Southern Nevada Stocks bought and sold on San Francisco, Philadelphia Exchanges and New York Curb. 111 Main Street TONOPAH, : : : NEVADA

Wittenberg Warehouse & Transfer Company Exclusive Agents FOR Genuine Rock Springs Coal...

How I Helped My Husband to Make More Money

New Ideas By Wives Which Have Built Men's Fortunes

One man got \$75 a month; the wife got an idea and to-day he is making a fat salary and has \$40,000 in the bank. Another wife's idea has bought a whole ranch without ready money. Another wife is multiplying the family income by four. Scores of women have been induced to tell their ideas in the greatest series a magazine has ever printed. The first few are

IN THE NOVEMBER ISSUE OF The Ladies' Home Journal

Fifteen Cents a Copy, of All News Agents Or, \$1.50 a Year (12 issues) by Mail, Ordered Through Our Subscription Agents or Direct

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